APPENDIX II

Notation

1. The symbols that follow are used throughout this manual and correspond wherever possible to those recommended by the American Society of Civil Engineers.

Symbol	Term
А, В	Skempton's experimentally determined pore pressure coefficients
a _h	Horizontal seismic acceleration
b	Cot β = cotangent of the embankment slope angle with the horizontal
$^{C}{}_{A}$	Developed cohesion force of active wedge
C _{CB}	Developed cohesion force of central block
c_{D}	Developed cohesion force
C _P	Developed cohesion force of passive wedge
c	Cohesion per unit area
^c D	Developed cohesion per unit area (cohesion required for equilibrium)
D	Depth of foundation layer
E	Earth force on side of slice
$^{ extsf{E}}$ A	Resultant force of active wedge
ECB	Resultant force of central block
EP	Resultant force of passive wedge
$\Delta E_{\mathbf{H}}$	Force required to close force polygon in wedge analysis
$\Delta \mathrm{E}$	Resultant of earth forces on left and right sides of slice (modified Swedish method: Finite Slice Procedure)
ΔE'	Resultant of earth forces acting on left and right sides of the unit width slice in units of Ybase (modified Swedish method: Graphical Integration Procedure)
$\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{A}}$	Resultant of normal and frictional forces of active wedges
F _{CB}	Resultant of normal and frictional forces of central block
F _D	Resultant of developed normal and frictional forces

Symbol	Term
${ t F}_{ t h}$	Horizontal seismic force
F _P	Resultant of normal and frictional forces of passive wedge
F.S.	Factor of safety
g	Gravitational constant
Н	Height of embankment
$^{\mathrm{H}}\mathrm{_{D}}$	Height of drawdown
h	Vertical distance to failure surface from slope surface
h'	Modified height obtained from $h(\gamma/\gamma_{base})$
$\mathbf{^{h}_{w}}$	Piezometric level above the failure surface; height of maximum pool above sliding surface
K	Ratio of horizontal to vertical earth pressures
$^{\rm K}{}_{ m A}$	Active earth pressure coefficient
K	Coefficient of at-rest earth pressure
KP	Passive earth pressure coefficient
k	Coefficient of permeability
L	Length of arc or failure surface; length beneath passive block along which cohesive shear resistance is assumed to develop
L'	Width of the slice parallel to the saturation line
ΔL	Length of base of slice
N	Total normal force
$^{ m N}_{ m D}$	Developed normal force
$^{ m N}_{ m K}$	Active earth pressure stability number, $\frac{D}{\sqrt{H}}$
Ns	Stability factor, $\frac{\gamma H}{c_D}$
n	Porosity
n _e	Effective porosity
P_{D}	Dimensionless parameter = $\frac{k}{n_e V}$
$\mathtt{P_h}$	Horizontal pressure at depth z
Q	Shear test for specimen tested at constant water content (unconsolidated-undrained)
$\overline{\Omega}$	Q shear test with pore pressure measurements

Symbol	Term
R	(a) Radius of failure arc(b) Shear test for specimen consolidated then sheared at constant water content (consolidated-undrained)
\overline{R}	R shear test with pore pressure measurements
S	Shear test for specimen consolidated and sheared without restriction of change in water content (consolidated-drained)
s	Shear strength; $s = c + \sigma \tan \phi$
⁸ D	Developed shear strength; $s_D = c_D + \sigma \tan \phi_D$
บ	Hydrostatic force
u	Pore water pressure
v	Velocity of pool drawdown
\mathbf{w}	Total weight of slice or soil mass above failure plane
$\mathbf{w}_{\mathbf{p}}$	Weight of passive block or subblocks above plane along which frictional shear resistance is assumed to develop
x	Dimensionless height ratio (Appendix III)
z	Distance beneath crest
α	Angle of inclination of the saturation line with the horizontal
$\mathbf{a_f}$	Angle of inclination of failure plane (based on laboratory shear test results)
β	Angle of inclination of the embankment slope with the horizontal
γ	Weight per unit volume
Y¹	Buoyant unit weight of the soil
Ybase	Base unit weight used in graphical integration procedure of modified Swedish method
$\gamma_{\mathbf{m}}$	Moist unit weight of the soil
Y _{sat}	Saturated unit weight of the soil
Yw	Unit weight of water
۵	Increment or small part
θ	Angle of inclination of the failure arc with the horizontal
$^{\theta}$ A	Angle of inclination of the base of the active wedge with the horizontal

Symbol	Term
$\theta_{\mathbf{p}}$	Angle of inclination of the base of the passive wedge with the horizontal
σ	Normal stress
σff	Normal stress on failure plane at failure (in laboratory shear test specimen)
$\sigma_{\mathbf{h}}$	Horizontal stress on vertical plane
$\sigma_{\mathbf{i}}$	Conjugate stress on a plane parallel to the outer slope
σ ₁	Major principal stress
σ ₃	Minor principal stress
σ ₁ - σ ₃	Deviator stress
$\overline{\sigma}_{fc}$	Effective normal stress on failure plane prior to start of test
$\overline{\sigma}_{\mathrm{ff}}$	Effective normal stress on failure plane at failure
ਰ ₁	Effective major principal stress
- − 3	Effective minor principal stress
τ	Shear stress
^τ fc	Shear stress on failure plane at end of consolidation
† _{ff}	Shear stress on failure plane at failure
φ	Angle of internal friction (or slope angle of strength envelope) based on total stresses
φ¹	Angle of internal friction (or slope angle of strength envelope) based on effective stresses
$\phi_{\mathbf{D}}$	Developed angle of internal friction (required for equilibrium)
Ψ	Seismic coefficient, $\frac{a_h}{g}$